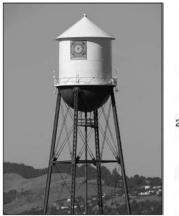
Geome	try Regents Lomac 2015-2016	Date <u>3/25</u>	due <u>4/3</u>		1 3D: Review 9.7R
Name LO:	I can solve problems involving 3		Per_		
DO NOW On the back of this packet					
(1) calculator	Slice and Cross section: Draw <u>3D shape</u>			ts from a cross section para Longitudinal section	illel to the base of each shape <u>2D shape to rotate</u> None because:
					None because:
					None because:
					None because:
					None because:

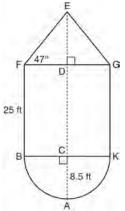
(2)

calculator

3D Mathematical Modeling for industry

The water tower in the picture below is modeled by the two-dimensional figure beside it. The water tower is composed of a hemisphere, a cylinder, and a cone. Let C be the center of the hemisphere and let D be the center of the base of the cone.





If AC = 8.5 feet, BF = 25 feet, and m $\angle EFD = 47^{\circ}$, determine and state, to the *nearest cubic foot*, the volume of the water tower. The water tower was constructed to hold a maximum of 400,000 pounds of water. If water weighs 62.4 pounds per cubic foot, can the water tower be filled to 85% of its volume and *not* exceed the weight limit? Justify your answer.

(3) calculator

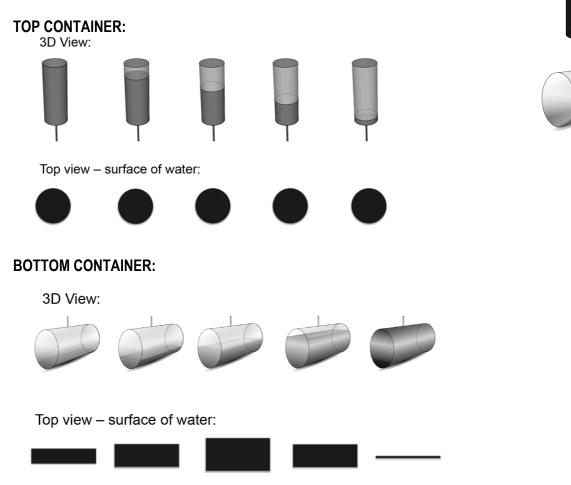
Volume

The base of a pyramid is a rectangle with a width of 6 cm and a length of 8 cm. Find, in centimeters, the height of the pyramid if the volume is 288 cm_3 .



EXTRA Visualization

The water in the top container is drained into the bottom container. Below is an example of the views of the water from the top.



On the next page, match the top views with the 3D figures that are emptying and filling. Where the dashed lines are, you must sketch what the top view will look like at that stage of filling/emptying. Like the example above, the top container is emptying into the bottom container.

